MR13/MR14

Code No.: 30412/40412

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

(Affiliated to JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD)
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III B.TECH I SEMESTER SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER-2019

Subject: LINEAR AND DIGITAL IC APPLICATION

Branch: EEE & ECE

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART - A

I. Answer ALL questions of the following

5x1M=5M

- 1. Define an operational amplifier.
- 2. What are the limitations of the basic differentiator circuit?
- 3. What is the basic principle of PLL?
- 4. Define line regulation.
- 5. What is the name of IC 74154?

II. Answer ALL questions of the following

10x2M=20 M

- 1. Define input offset current. State the reasons for the offset currents at the input of the op-amp.
- 2. How the input offset voltage compensated for?
- 3. What is the need for an instrumentation amplifier?
- 4. List the features of instrumentation amplifier.
- 5. Design a second order low pass filter.
- 6. Define Notch filter and how do we get notch filter from a band pass filter.
- 7. Explain the internal structure of voltage regulator IC 723.
- 8. What are the advantages of switching regulators?
- 9. Draw the Symbol, circuit structure and truth table of a CMOS inverter.
- 10. Write any two applications of IC 7447.

PART-B

Answer ALL questions of the following

5x10 M = 50M

1. Draw the circuit of a symmetrical emitter coupled differential amplifier and derive CMRR.

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- 2. Explain how the following op-amp parameters are measured.
 - (i) Open loop voltage gain. (ii) Input bias current. (iii) Input offset current. (iv)Input offset voltage.
- 3. Draw and explain the operation of a I to V converter. If 741IC is used, what is the lowest value of current that may be measured?

OR

4. a) Sketch and explain the circuit operation of log amplifiers. Calculate output voltages for a given input and show how temperature dependence is minimized.

- b) With the help of a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of a three op-amp instrumentation amplifier and obtain the expression for its output voltage.
- 5. Draw the circuit of a 1st order Butterworth low pass filter and derive its transfer function.

OR

- 6. a) Design a mono-stable multivibrator using 555 timer to produce of 0.5msec. Derive necessary equations. Sketch the input and output waveforms.
 - b) Explain tracking range and capture range and calculate each range for a given PLL system.
- 7. a) Explain the operation of a multiplying DAC and mention its applications.
 - b) A 12-bit D to A converter has a full-scale range of 15 volts, its maximum differential linearity error is \pm 1/2 LSB. Determine the percentage resolution, and the minimum and maximum possible values of the increment inits output voltage.

OR

- 8. Explain the working of a weighted resistor D/A converter.
- 9. (a) Design a conversion circuit to convert a T flip-flop to D flip-flop.
 - (b) Explain the operation of parallel-in-parallel-out shift register.

OR

10. Explain the working of Multiplexer using IC 74151.